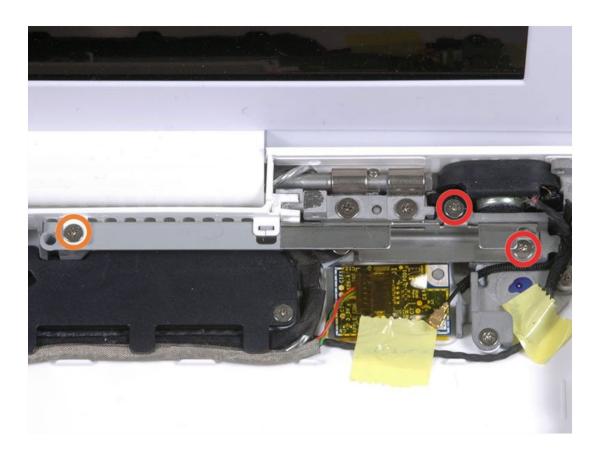


MacBook Core 2 Duo C-Channel Replacement

The metal support beneath the display.

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INTRODUCTION

The metal support beneath the display.

TOOLS:

Coin (1)

Phillips #0 Screwdriver (1)

Phillips #000 Screwdriver (1)

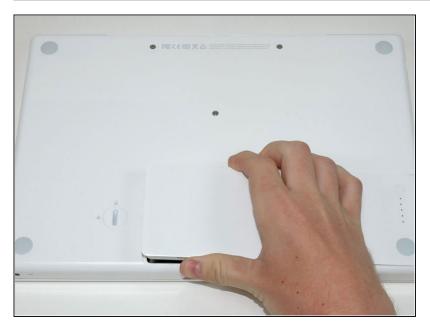
Phillips #00 Screwdriver (1)

Spudger (1)

Step 1 — Battery



 Use a coin or spudger to rotate the battery-locking screw 90 degrees clockwise.



 Lift the battery out of the computer.

Step 3 — Memory Cover



- Unscrew the three evenlyspaced Phillips screws from along the rear wall of the battery compartment.
- The screws are captive to the metal memory cover so you cannot lose them.
- i Using The Flexible Extension sold by iFixit will help with this step.

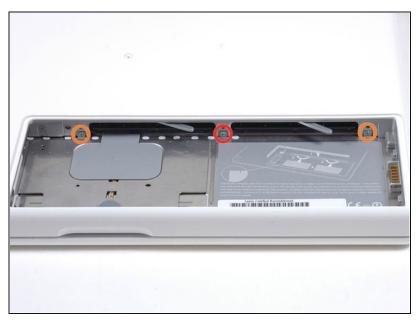


- Grasp the right end of the Lshaped memory cover, then pull it towards you so it clears the battery compartment opening.
- Lift the memory cover up and out of the computer.

Step 5 — Upper Case



- Remove the following 3 screws:
 - One 11 mm Phillips#00 in the middle of the lower case. (Head: 5mm dia. x .75mm thick)
 - Two 14.5 mm Phillips #00 (Head: 5mm dia. x .75mm thick)
- (i) If the screws stick in the case, you can use a magnetized screwdriver to draw them out.
- The shorter of the three screws goes in the middle of the lower case.



⚠ Take extra caution with these screws as they can strip easily!

- (i) You could use a flexible extension to minimize stripping.
- Remove the following 3 screws from the rear wall of the battery compartment:
 - One 3 mm Phillips #0. (Head: 2.75 mm. dia.)
 - Two 4 mm Phillips #0 on the either side. (Head: 2.75mm dia.)



- Remove the two Phillips screws from either side of the right wall of the battery compartment (not the ones closest to the battery connector).
 - Two 6.25 mm Phillips #000. (Head: 4 mm. dia. x .5mm thick)



- Remove the four indicated Phillips screws from the front wall of the battery compartment. When working from the left, remove the 2nd, 4th, 7th and 9th screws.
- Four 3.25 mm Phillips #000. (Head: 4 mm. dia. x 4mm thick)



- Remove the following 4 screws from the back of the computer:
 - Two 11 mm Phillips #00, with Shank (2.2mm dia. x 2 mm len.) (Head: 3.2 mm. dia. x .5mm thick)
 - Two 7.25 mm Phillips #00, with Shank (2mm dia. x 3.75 mm len.) (Head: 3.2 mm. dia. x .5mm thick)
- During reassembly, the two longer screws go on the inside, and the two shorter screws go on the outside.



- Remove the two Phillips screws from the optical drive (right) side of the computer:
 - Two 5.2 mm Phillips #00, with shank (2.3mm dia. x 3.25 mm len.) (Head: 3.2 mm. dia. x .5mm thick)
- i It is not necessary to remove the similar screws on the ports (left) side of the computer.



- There's a trackpad and keyboard ribbon cable connecting the upper case to the logic board, so don't pull the upper case off entirely just yet.
- Use a plastic opening tool, an expired plastic credit, or a similarly-thick card to pry up on the upper case, starting in the upper-left corner and working around to the front of the computer.

- i The upper case is likely to stick at its connection above the front edge of the optical drive. If this happens, first free all other sides, then proceed to pull upward on the upper case from either side of the optical drive opening. Here again, inserting a plastic card, guitar pick, etc. can be useful.
- If you stand the base of the MacBook on one end to get a better look, you may displace the four grey plastic clips that hold the right side of the upper case in place. Don't panic. They slide into slots at the top rightmost edge of the lower frame, above the front edge of the optical drive.
- During reassembly, make sure the clips on the right side, above the optical drive, click firmly into place. They're different from the clips on the left side, and so normally they require a little firmer pressure to click into place.







- While holding up the upper case, pull up the black tab on the connector end of the silver ribbon cable away from the connector's socket on the logic board.
- (i) If there is no black tab, you can also use a spudger to gently pry the connector out of its socket on the logic board. This connector is tall, so be sure to pry straight up.
- (i) If you happen to break your upper case cable when removing the upper case, we stock the <u>cable</u> individually and we have a <u>guide</u> that makes replacing it easy.
- (i) While you have the upper case removed, it's a good time to remove dust, hair, etc. It's best to use a can of compressed air, though if you use a brush, make sure that its bristles are made of a material (usually animal hair) that doesn't generate static electricity, which can destroy electronics.
- ② Upon reassembly, there are 4 grey plastic clips installed in slots running along the top of the frame in front of the optical drive (refer to second and third pictures). These clips must be installed in their slots for their mating tabs on the underside of the right side of the upper case to snap into them.

Step 13 — Optical Drive



 Grasp the white plastic tab attached to the hard drive and pull it to the left, removing the hard drive from the computer.



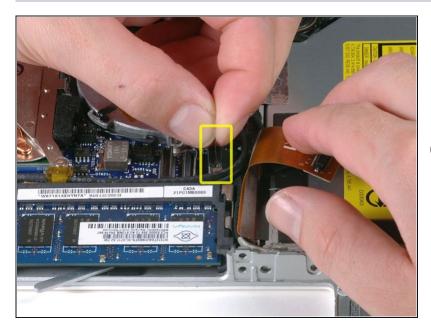
- Remove the two Phillips screws from the side of the optical drive.
 - Two 3.25 mm Phillips #000 (head: 4 mm. dia. x .3 mm thick)



 Disconnect the orange optical drive ribbon cable connector from the logic board by prying it straight up using either a finger or a spudger.



- Disconnect the newly revealed display data cable's plug from the logic board by pulling it upward using its black pull-tab.
- i If there is no pull-tab on top of the plug, it may be helpful to use a spudger to disconnect this plug.



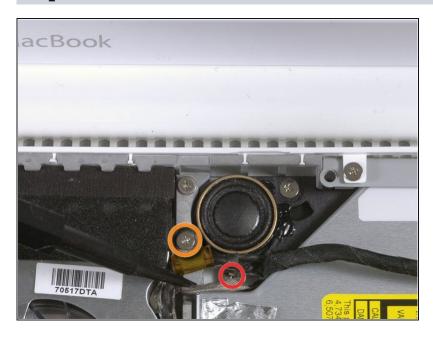
- Disconnect the newly-revealed hard drive cable's plug from the logic board by pulling it upward using its black tab.
- When reconnecting the hard drive cable's plug to the logic board, make sure the plug is routed under the cables for the right speaker and the microphone, or else the plug won't sit flush with the logic board, which will prevent the plug from fully engaging with its socket on the logic board.



- Peel up the foil tape between the fan and the optical drive.
 Lift the foil tape from the fan side, leaving it attached to the optical drive.
- During reassembly, be sure to route the cables beneath the tape before reattaching it.
- if the adhesive on this foil tape no longer sticks, you can hold it in place using a regular piece of tape, but don't block the fan intake.



 Pull up the display data cable from along the edge of the optical drive to reveal a silver Phillips screw.



- Remove the 2 mm Phillips #00 screw securing the rear corner of the optical drive.
- (i) When reinstalling this screw, make sure none of the cables nearby get caught under the screw's head.
- The silver-jacketed Bluetooth cable may be covering the screw. If so, carefully push it aside. You may need to remove the screw holding the ground shield lugs for the two nearby cables before you can move the Bluetooth cable aside sufficiently. This screw is 7mm in earlier models, and may be 4.2mm in Santa Rosa/Penryn and 2009 models.



 Lift the Bluetooth antenna board from the front edge of the optical drive.



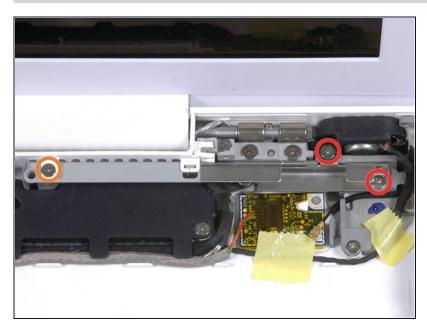
- Deroute the hard drive cable from under the clips along the near side of the optical drive.
- During reassembly, reroute the cable under these clips.



- Lift the side of the optical drive closest to you, then slide the drive towards you, and up and out of the computer.
- Follow these steps to reinstall the optical drive:
 - First, slide its side nearest to the rear of the Macbook under the edge of the rear frame to the left of the hinge, while also sliding the optical drive's mounting tab at its upper left corner under the cables at this location.
 - Lower the drive partially into the lower housing. Keep the hard drive cable away from the optical drive bay.
 - Before dropping the drive fully in place, use a spudger to push forward (towards the front of the drive) on the screw hole in the drive's mounting tab.
 - Push forward the slider, which runs along the far side of the drive, to insert the end of this slider into a small channel in the lower case's frame. This helps hold the drive in place.

- (i) When you push the slider forward, if the screw hole in the drive's mounting tab doesn't line up over its threaded brass insert in the lower case, the front end of the slider hasn't fully inserted into its channel in the frame. Keep trying, but if the slider won't move further to the right, remove the drive to see if the end of the slider is bent.
- isn't bent, it may be slightly too long. Use a pair of fine cutters to clip off the narrower portion of the end of the slider. The optical drive will still remain firmly in place.

Step 24 — C-Channel

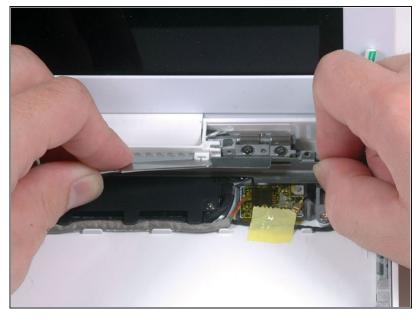


- For original Macbook Core Duo and Core 2 Duo models, remove these 3 screws:
 - Two 3 mm Phillips near the right speaker.
 - One 6 mm Phillips threaded through a hole in a plastic finger above the subwoofer.
 - When reinstalling the screw above the subwoofer, be careful not to over-tighten it or the subwoofer's plastic could crack.
- For Santa Rosa/Penryn and 2009 models, which don't have a c-channel:
 - Remove only the single 3 mm Phillips screw from the right speaker, and skip step 26.



• Lift the right speaker out of its housing and set it to the side.

Step 26



- i If you have a Santa Rosa/Penryn or 2009 model, skip this step.
- Using a spudger, gently pry up the white plastic slot and slide the metal c-channel to the right and away from the display.

To reassemble your device, follow these instructions in reverse order.